ANNEX IV

Periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: Global Investment Grade Credit ESG Fund Legal entity identifier: 5493005HZUTWLN5JSJ59

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Sustainable **investment** means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?						
Yes		• • 🗸	No			
qualify a sustainal Taxonom in econo not quali	with an objective:% mic activities that a senvironmentally ole under the EU only mic activities that do fy as environmentally ole under the EU	chai obje	racteristics and while it did not have as its ective a sustainable investment, it had a cortion of 57% of sustainable estments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective**			
It made sustai i		with a social report, it has category of investment incidental i	e Fund did invest in sustainable investments all objective during the period covered by this as not made any commitment to invest in this finvestments and consequently any such as acquired by the Fund should be considered in nature			
with a social o	biective: %	make	e any sustainable investments			



To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

The Fund's approach to sustainable investing is through the promotion of environmental and/or social characteristics (while the Fund does not have sustainable investment as its objective, it seeks to invest a portion of its assets in sustainable investments).

As detailed below, the sustainable investments held by the Fund during the reference period contributed to the environmental objectives of climate change adaptation and/or climate change mitigation.

Derivatives (with the exception of index derivatives) held by the Fund during the period were screened against the exclusion strategy implemented by the Investment Advisor and accordingly were used to promote the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by the Fund.

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

The attainment of each of the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by the Fund was measured through the Investment Advisor's implementation of its exclusion strategy, issuer engagement policy and investment in certain ESG Fixed Income Securities (as further described in the section of the Prospectus entitled **"ESG Fixed Income Securities"**) which enable issuers to raise capital to fund projects with positive environmental benefits as well as in the debt of issuers demonstrating leadership in addressing risk and opportunities around climate related change.

For example, the Fund's exclusion strategy resulted in the exclusion of certain sectors including issuers involved in Fossil Fuel related sectors (including issuers engaged principally in the oil industry, including extraction, production, refining, transportation, or the mining and sale of coal and coal-fired generation).

In addition, as part of the Fund's screening process, the Investment Advisor referred to globally accepted norms, such as, the UN Global Compact Principles and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights, where appropriate.

...and compared to previous periods?

Information on the historical comparison of the Fund's sustainability-related investments is available below in response to the question "What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?".

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

The Fund's underlying sustainable investments contributed to the environmental objectives of climate change mitigation and climate change adaptation during the reference period which was achieved in a variety of ways, including by way of example, investment in ESG Fixed Income Securities (as further described in the section of the Prospectus entitled "ESG Fixed Income Securities") including green bonds.

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

The Fund's sustainable investments were assessed to seek to ensure that they do not cause significant harm to any environmental or social objective. This assessment was carried out by the Investment Advisor's application of various adverse sustainability indicators, including but not limited to, exposure to Fossil Fuel related sectors (as described above) and greenhouse gas emissions.

How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

Securities were selected according to the Investment Advisor's internal sustainability screening process. This screening process includes consideration of adverse impacts on sustainability factors including exposure to the Fossil Fuel related sectors (as described above) and exposure to military weapons. The Investment Advisor sought to mitigate principal adverse impacts including, for example, through its exclusion strategy and issuer engagement.

Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

The Investment Advisor satisfied itself that sustainable investments were aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights through the use of UNGC (UN Global Compact) controversies screening along with other tools including ESG scores and research as part of the investment due diligence process.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do no significant harm" principle by which Taxonomyaligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the Union criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the Union criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Principal adverse impacts are described as those impacts of investment decisions that "result in negative effects on sustainability factors" while sustainability factors are defined as "environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters". The Investment Advisor sought to consider principal adverse impacts as part of the investment process and used a combination of methods to help mitigate principal adverse impacts including exclusions and issuer engagement.

The Fund considered the principal adverse impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors (including but not limited to, exposure to the Fossil Fuel related sectors (as described above), the military weapons sector and greenhouse gas emissions) during the reference period.

0/ Not



What were the top investments of this financial product?

Largest investments	Sector	% Net Assets	Country
Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security, TBA 6.000% due 01/02/2054	Securitised	5.22%	United States
U.S. Treasury Bonds 2.375% due 15/02/2042	Government Related	2.08%	United States
U.S. Treasury Bonds 4.750% due 15/11/2043	Government Related	1.67%	United States
U.S. Treasury Bonds 3.250% due 15/05/2042	Government Related	1.57%	United States
U.S. Treasury Notes 4.250% due 31/05/2025	Government Related	1.41%	United States
U.S. Treasury Inflation Protected Securities 0.625% due 15/07/2032	Government Related	1.34%	United States
U.S. Treasury Bonds 2.000% due 15/11/2041	Government Related	1.32%	United States
European Union 2.750% due 04/12/2037	Government Related	1.26%	Supranational
U.S. Treasury Bonds 4.000% due 15/11/2042	Government Related	1.24%	United States
U.S. Treasury Bonds 2.250% due 15/05/2041	Government Related	1.02%	United States
Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security, TBA 4.000% due 01/02/2054	Securitised	0.94%	United States
Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security 5.000% due 01/07/2053	Securitised	0.90%	United States
BNG Bank NV 3.250% due 29/08/2033	Government Related	0.75%	Netherlands
Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security, TBA 4.000% due 01/01/2054	Securitised	0.61%	United States
U.S. Treasury Inflation Protected Securities 1.375% due 15/07/2033	Government Related	0.56%	United States

The list includes the investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period which is: as at 31 December 2023

For the purposes of compiling the information disclosed above, the investments of the Fund as at 31 December 2023 have been used.

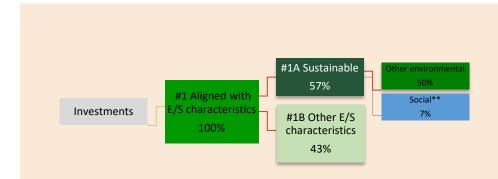


Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

Information on the proportion of the Fund which promoted environmental/social characteristics and the proportion of the Fund invested in sustainable investments as at 31 December 2023 is provided below.

What was the asset allocation?



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#2 Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1A Sustainable** covers environmentally and socially sustainable investments.
- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

As at 31 December 2023, 100% of the Fund's investments were considered to promote environmental and/or social characteristics because all of the Fund's investments (with the exception of index derivatives) were screened against its exclusion strategy (31 December 2022: 100%).

As at 31 December 2023, the Fund invested 57% of its net assets in sustainable investments (31 December 2022: 60%). 50% of net assets were invested in sustainable investments which contributed to an environmental objective (31 December 2022: 55%).

**The Fund also held 7% of net assets in sustainable investments which contribute to a social objective (31 December 2022: 5%). It should be noted that the Fund has not made any commitment to invest in sustainable investments which contribute to a social objective and such investments should be considered incidental in nature.

In which economic sectors were the investments made?

Sector	% of Net Assets	
Investment Grade Credit	67.29%	
Government Related	28.55%	
Securitised	11.45%	
High Yield Credit	2.21%	
Emerging Markets	1.96%	
Municipal/Other	0.22%	
Net Other Short Duration Instruments	-11.68%	

For the purposes of compiling the information disclosed above, the investments of the Fund as at 31 December 2023 have been used.



To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

As at 31 December 2023, the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy is 0% (31 December 2022: 0%). This figure has not been subject to an assurance provided by an auditor nor has it been reviewed by any other third party.

Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and / or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?

	Yes:		
		In fossil gas	In nuclear energy
\checkmark	No		

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

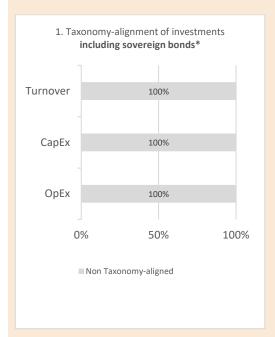
Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

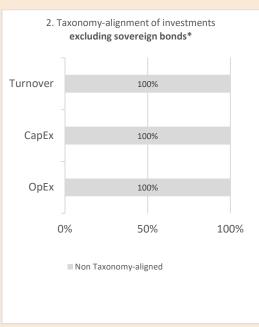
Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies
- capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.





^{*}For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures

What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

As at 31 December 2023, the proportion of investments of the Fund in transitional and enabling activities during the reference period was 0% (31 December 2022 was 0%).



What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Fund does not commit to invest in investments aligned with the EU Taxonomy but does commit to invest in sustainable investments which contribute to an environmental objective. As at 31 December 2023, the proportion of sustainable investments of the Fund which contributed to an environmental objective which were not assessed against the EU Taxonomy and therefore categorised as "Other Environmental" investments above is 50% (31 December 2022: 55%). For further information with respect to sustainability-related data availability and data challenges please refer to https://europe.pimco.com/en-eu/our-firm/global-advisors-ireland.





What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

As noted above, as at 31 December 2023, the Fund held 7% of net assets in sustainable investments which contributed to a social objective during the period covered by these financial statements (the figure as at 31 December 2022 was 5%). As the Fund has not made any commitment to invest in sustainable investments which contribute to a social objective, such investments should be considered incidental in nature.



What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

As noted above, as at 31 December 2023, 100% of the Fund's investments were considered to promote environmental and/or social characteristics because all of the Fund's investments (with the exception of index derivatives) were screened against its exclusion strategy (31 December 2022: 100%).

As outlined in greater detail above, as at 31 December 2023, the Fund invested 57% of its net assets in sustainable investments (31 December 2022: 60%).



What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

During the reference period, the Investment Advisor actively engaged with certain issuers as applicable (examples of such engagement included material climate and biodiversity related matters), including for example, by seeking to encourage issuers to align to the Paris Agreement, adopt science-based targets for carbon emissions reduction and/or broadly advance their sustainability commitment.