

Sustainable

Template periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: Invesco Euro Corporate Bond Fund

Legal entity identifier: 549300JTZH9W8F23MF74

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? X No X It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) It made sustainable investments with an environmental objective: characteristics and while it did not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it had a proportion in economic activities that qualify as environmentally of 65 % of sustainable investments sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy sustainable under the EU Taxonomy x with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU x with a social objective It made sustainable investments with a social It promoted E/S characteristics, but did not make any objective: sustainable investments

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852. establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.



To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

The Invesco Euro Corporate Bond Fund (the "Fund") aimed to promote environmental characteristics related to natural resource utilization and pollution (by excluding companies involved in coal extraction and production, and unconventional oil and gas such as Arctic oil and gas exploration/extraction, oil sands extraction and Shale Energy extraction). The Fund also promoted social characteristics related to human rights (by excluding companies in violation of any UN Global Compact's principles, based on third-party data and the Investment Manager's proprietary analysis and research) and by excluding issuers involved in tobacco production and tobacco related products and services, recreational cannabis, controversial weapons and manufacture of nuclear warheads or whole nuclear or whole nuclear missiles outside of the Non-Proliferation Treaty.

The environmental and social characteristics of the Fund were achieved by applying the exclusions criteria described above.

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

	How did	the	sustainability	indicators	perform?
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The Fund used a variety of indicators to measure the attainment of the environmental and social characteristics.

The reference period for data reported in this document is from the 1st of March 2023 to the 29th of February 2024. The data is representative of the reference period unless specified otherwise.

This included:

Sustainability	Indicator Performance
UN Global Compact, excluded if non-compliant	During the reference period, there were no
	active breaches of the Fund's exclusion criteria.
International sanctions, sanctioned investments are	During the reference period, there were no
prohibited	active breaches of the Fund's exclusion criteria.
Controversial weapons, excluded if 0%, including	During the reference period, there were no
companies involved in the manufacture of nuclear	active breaches of the Fund's exclusion criteria.
warheads or whole nuclear missiles outside of the NPT.	
Coal, excluded if Thermal Coal extraction: >=5% of	During the reference period, there were no
revenue, Thermal Coal Power Generation: >=10% of	active breaches of the Fund's exclusion criteria.
revenue	
Unconventional oil & gas, excluded if >= 5% of revenue on	During the reference period, there were no
each of the following:	active breaches of the Fund's exclusion criteria.
- Arctic oil & gas exploration;	
- Oil sands extraction;	
- Shale energy extraction;	
Tobacco excluded if Tobacco production >=5% revenue,	During the reference period, there were no
Tobacco-related products and services >=5% of revenue	active breaches of the Fund's exclusion criteria.
Recreational canabis excluded if >=5% of revenue	During the reference period, there were no
	active breaches of the Fund's exclusion criteria.

...and compared to previous periods?

As per the previous year, the Fund was managed with no breaches to the exclusions set out above.

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

From 18 January 2024:

The Fund intended to make sustainable investments by contributing to environmental objectives (such as climate change, water management, pollution prevention) and to social objectives (such as good health, well-being and gender equality).

The Fund sought to achieve those objectives by investing in (i) issuers which contributed positively to selected UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) (generating at least 25% of the issuer's revenue) that relate to the above objectives, or (ii) green, sustainability-linked and social bonds. The Fund could also use a best-in-class approach and select companies that score higher (scores of 1 or 2 on either environmental or social factors can be considered as long as the issuer does not lag on the other pillar), when compared to their peers, on environmental or social factors utilizing the Investment Manager's proprietary scoring methodology. It should be noted that the full weight in the portfolio will count as sustainable investments when meeting the above criteria.

How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

From 18 January 2024:

The Fund primarily used the mandatory principal adverse impacts (PAI) indicators defined in Table 1 of Annex I of the regulatory technical standards for Regulation 2019/2088, combined with qualitative research and/or engagement, to assess whether the sustainable investments of the Fund cause significant harm (DNSH) to a relevant environmental or social investment objective. Where a company was determined to cause such significant harm, it could still be held within the Fund but did not count toward the "sustainable investments" within the Fund. For the avoidance of doubt, the assessment was done prior to investment and on the full holding.

How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

Please see above on how the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors were taken into account.

Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters.

From 18 January 2024:

The portion of sustainable investments excluded companies, sectors or countries from the investment universe when such companies violate international norms and standards according to the definitions of the International Labour Organisation (ILO), the OECD or the United Nations. All issuers considered for investment were screened for compliance with, and excluded if they do not meet, UN Global Compact principles, based on third-party data and the Investment Manager's proprietary analysis and research.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

The Fund considered principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors (PAIs) by carrying out a qualitative and quantitative review of key metrics (primarily the 14 indicators as defined in Table 1 of the Annex I of the regulatory technical standards for Regulation 2019/2088). The quantitative included a review of all current Invesco holdings and the relevant PAI data. Through this initial review an absolute threshold was set that flagged issuers that failed to meet minimum standards, as well as companies that flagged on a binary output (such as controversial weapons or UN Global Compact violations). Once issuers were flagged for the quantitative review, an assessment was completed to understand if there is publicly available information from the issuer that we were aware of that can be shown to be addressing the poor performance on the flagged PAI. The ESG research team assigned the issuer a score as to how well they were addressing the poor performance. For flagging companies that are deemed to have not sufficiently mitigated their impact relating to a particular PAI, a consideration plan will be developed. This plan can comprise of a varied set of actions, which should be commensurate with the severity of the issue, the ESG features of the Fund as further describe above, and the likelihood of effecting change through engagement. A consideration plan can include, but is not limited to, direct engagement, monitoring, letters and email correspondence, and leveraging industry bodies. If no improvement was established through such corporate engagement, then the Fund could consider divesting and/or excluding investments.

The below table shows the PAI data for the Fund:

Adverse sustainability				
indicator	PAI	Data	Metric	
Greenhouse gas emissions	1.GHG Emissions	86,320.72	Scope 1 fund financed emissions (Tonnes of CO2 equivalent)	
		18,157.36	Scope 2 fund financed emissions (Tonnes of CO2 equivalent)	
		1,141,485.60	Scope 3 fund financed emissions (Tonnes of CO2 equivalent)	
		1,245,963.69	Total Financed emissions (Scope 1 + Scope 2 + Scope 3) (Tonnes of CO2 equivalent)	
	2. Carbon footprint	456.81	Fund level Carbon footprint (Scope 1 + Scope 2 + Scope 3) (Per Million EUR Invested)	
	3. GHG Intensity of investee companies	1,265.39	Fund level Total Emission Intensity- Scope 1+2+3 (Per Million EUR Revenue)	
	4. Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector	0.56	% of the fund exposed to any fossil fuels revenue	
	5. Share of non- renewable energy consumption	57.13	Adjusted Weighted Average of all issuers in the fund's share of non-renewable energy consumption and non-renewable energy	
	5. Share of non- renewable energy production	36.35	production of investee companies from non- renewable energy sources compared to renewable energy sources, expressed as a percentage of total energy sources (%)	
	6. Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector		Adjusted weighted average energy consumption of issuers in the fund in GWh per million EUR of revenue of investee	
	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing	0.00	companies, per high impact climate sector	
	Construction	0.00		
	Electricity, Gas, Steam & Air Conditioning Supply	1.60		
	Manufacturing	0.28		
	Mining & Quarrying	0.94		
	Real Estate Activities	0.84		
	Transportation & Storage	0.13		
	Water Supply, Sewerage, Waste Management & Remediation Activities	0.63		
	Wholesale & Retail Trade & Repair of Motor Vehicles & Motorcycles	0.07		
Biodiversity	7. Activites negatively affecting biodiversitysensitive areas	8.15	Share of investments in the fund of investee companies with sites/operations located in or near to biodiversity-sensitive areas where	

			activities of those investee companies negatively affect those areas	
Water	8. Emissions to water	0.00	Adjusted weighted average per issuer in the fund's emissions to water generated by investee companies per million EUR investee (Tonnes)	
Waste	9. Hazardous waste and radioactive waste ratio	0.40	Tonnes of hazardous waste and radioactive waste generated by investee companies per million EUR invested, expressed as a weighted average	
Social and employee matters	10. Violations fo UN Global Compact principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	0.00	Share of investments in investee companies that have been involved in violations of the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	
	11. Lack of proceses and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with UN Global Compact principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	27.74	Share of investments in investee companies without policies to monitor compliance with the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises or grievance/ complaints handling mechanisms to address violations of the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	
	12. Unadjusted gender pay gap	23.24	Weighted Average of all issuers' in the portfolio unadjusted gender pay gap of investee companies	
	13. Board gender diversity	40.79	Waited Average of all issuers in the portfolio ratio of female to male board members in investee companies, expressed as a percentage of all board members	
	14. Exposure to controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, chemical weapons and biological weapons)	0.00	Share of investments in investee companies involved in the manufacture or selling of controversial weapons	

Notes:

Although Scope 3 emissions are included in the above table showing the PAI scores for the Fund, they were not included in the quantitative review process to consider PAIs during the reporting period.

The data presented in the above table is calculated using information provided by a third-party data vendor. The accuracy, completeness, and relevance of the calculated data are contingent upon the accuracy and completeness of the data provided by this third-party vendor. The numbers reported represent our best effort to provide the most accurate calculations in light of the data available. However, there are no warranties or representations, express or implied, regarding the completeness, accuracy, or suitability of this data for any particular purpose.



What were the top investments of this financial product?

The list includes the investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period

which is:From the 1st of March 2023 to the 29th of February 2024. The data is representative of the reference period.

Largest Investments	Sector	% Assets	Country
DBR 1.7 8/15/2032	Sovereign	1.31%	Germany
APPLE INC	Information Technology	0.98%	United States
AT&T INC	Communication Services	0.87%	United States
WALMART INC	Consumer Staples	0.75%	United States
WALGREENS BOOTS	Consumer Staples	0.70%	United States
SANOFI SA	Health Care	0.69%	France
NESNVX 0 3/13/2033	Consumer Staples	0.66%	Luxembourg
MONDELEZ INT INC	Consumer Staples	0.65%	United States
BERKSHIRE HATHWY	Financials	0.63%	United States
SHELL INTL FIN	Energy	0.61%	Netherlands
BRITISH TELECOMM	Communication Services	0.58%	United Kingdom
UNANA 3.25 2/23/2031	Consumer Staples	0.56%	Netherlands
PG 3.25 8/2/2031	Consumer Staples	0.56%	United States
BP CAPITAL PLC	Energy	0.56%	United Kingdom
LLOYDS FLT 1/11/2029	Financials	0.54%	United Kingdom



What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

The exclusions were screened to the full investment universe, representing at least 90% of the portfolio (#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics) by virtue of the binding elements of the Fund's investment strategy. Ancillary liquid assets and money market instruments which were held for cash management/liquidity purposes may not have been assessed for compliance with the above exclusion framework (#2 Other).

Asset allocation

describes the share of investments in specific assets.

What was the asset allocation?

98.18% of the Fund was selected according to the binding elements of the investment strategy, on the basis that they aligned with the environmental and social characteristics of the Fund.

1.82% of the Fund was invested in financial derivative instruments for hedging and/or efficient portfolio management purposes; and 0% cash was held for ancillary liquidity purposes.



- **#1** Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.
- **#2 Other** includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1A Sustainable** covers environmentally and socially sustainable investments.
- The sub-category #1B Other E/S characteristics covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.
- In which economic sectors were the investments made?

GICS Sector Breaksdown - the data is representative of the reference period.

Sector (GICS)	Weight %
Financials	37.62
Communication Services	8.64
Consumer Discretionary	5.93
Information Technology	3.05
Industrials	4.98
Consumer Staples	11.39
Energy	5.47
Real Estate	1.48
Health Care	5.84
Materials	1.79
Utilities	9.99
Sovereign	1.98
Unclassified	0.02
Cash & Others/Derivatives	1.82
Total	100.00

GICS Level 4 breakdown for Energy Sector

Sub-Industry Code	Sub-Industry Name	Weight
10101010	Oil & Gas Drilling	0.00
10101020	Oil & Gas Equipment & Services	0.22
10102010	Integrated Oil & Gas	4.91
10102020	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	0.00
10102030	Oil & Gas Refining & Marketing	0.18
10102040	Oil & Gas Storage & Transportation	0.16
10102050	Coal & Consumable Fuels	0.00
Total		5.47

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for **fossil gas** include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For **nuclear energy**, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities



To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Fund does not commit to a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with EU Taxonomy. The Fund's portfolio was not aligned with the EU Taxonomy.

directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not vet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies.
- capital expenditure (CapEx) shows the areen investments made by investee companies, relevant for a transition to a areen economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflects the green operational activities companies.

are sustainable investments with

environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria

for environmentally

sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities complying with the EU Taxonomy1?

Yes In fossil gas In nuclear energy X No

The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.

bonds*

50%

100%

% of the total investments.

1. Taxonomy-alignment of investments **including sovereign** 2. Taxonomy-alignment of investments **excluding sovereign** honds* CapEx CapEx OpEx ОрЕх 0% 50% 100% 0% ■ Taxonomy-aligned: Fossil gas ■ Taxonomy-aligned: Fossil gas ■ Taxonomy-aligned: Nuclear ■ Taxonomy-aligned: Nuclear ■ Taxonomy-aligned (no gas and nuclear) ■ Taxonomy-aligned (no gas and nuclear) Non Taxonomy-aligned Non Taxonomy-aligned This graph represents 0 *For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

Not applicable.

How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

Not applicable.



What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

52.30% of the Fund was invested in sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy.



What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

12.78% of the Fund was invested in socially sustainable investments.



What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

1.82% of the Fund's asset allocation was included under "Other". As described above, the Fund could hold ancillary liquid assets or money market instruments for cash management/liquidity purposes The Fund held ancillary liquid assets or money market instruments for cash management/liquidity purposes which were not assessed for compliance with the above exclusion framework. Due to the neutral nature of the assets, no minimum safeguards were in place.

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm to any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

Index derivatives were not assessed on a look-through basis, unless such an index had a significant allocation to prohibited activities.



What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

The Fund achieved the environmental and social characteristics by complying with the exclusions, which was consistent with attaining the environmental and social characteristics promoted by the Fund.

Please refer to the section "How did the sustainability indicators perform" above for further information.

In addition, as part of the Fund's consideration of principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors, investment teams, with support from the ESG Research Team, monitored the investments against PAI indicators. Invesco conducted research into certain issuers in the Fund's portfolio that were deemed to flag against PAI indicators, in order to determine whether any engagement activity was required in accordance with the engagement policy.



How did this financial product perform compared to the reference benchmark?

Not applicable.

How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?

Not applicable.

How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with the environmental or social characteristics promoted?

Not applicable.

How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark?

Not applicable.

How did this financial product perform compared with the broad market index?

Not applicable.

Reference

benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.