Template periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities.

practices.

That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Product name : AMSelect AB US Equity Growth Legal Entity Identifier: 2138001GJMELWSA67K63

ENVIRONMENTAL AND/OR SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

Did this financial product have a sust Yes	ainable investment objective? No
It made sustainable investment with an environmental objective:% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it did not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it had a proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective
It made sustainable investments with a social objective:%	It promoted E/S characteristics, but did not make any sustainable investments
Unless otherwise specified, all actual data, waverage based on the AUM.	vithin this periodic report are expressed as a quarterly weighted



To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

The financial product, managed by AllianceBernstein LP (AB) as the Investment Manager selected by the Management Company, promotes environmental and social characteristics by assessing underlying investments against Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) criteriaby, *inter alia*, using the AB's ESG internal proprietary methodology and the BNP Paribas Asset Management Responsible Business Conduct (RBC) Policy.

The environmental and/or social characteristics ("E/S Characteristics") promoted by the product include:

- ESG Integration: when making investment decisions, including the ongoing assessment and monitoring of the portfolio's holdings, AB uses fundamental research to assess target issuers. As part of the AB Stewardship Approach, fundamental research includes the consideration of ESG Factors, meaning AB will assess ESG Factors for a target issuer at every stage of the investment decision-making process.



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

- Engagement: AB encourages issuers to undertake actions that may promote better outcomes for environmental and/or social objectives as well as benefits to financial outcomes issuer and/or the portfolio.
- Exclusions: applied with regard to issuers that are in violation of international norms and convention, or operate in sensitive sectors as defined by the BNP Paribas Asset Management RBC Policy.

The financial product has a binding ESG integration approach as part of its investment process through AB's ESG internal proprietary methodology and aims to reduce its environmental footprint, as measured by greenhouse gas intensity, compared to the benchmark (MSCI USA Growth used for performance comparison only). In addition, the financial product acts in accordance with BNP Paribas Asset Management's ambition to have a sustainability approach for its investments. The financial product complies with the exclusion criteria applied with regard to issuers that are in violation of international norms and convention, or operate in sensitive sectors as defined by the BNP Paribas Asset Management RBC Policy. The financial product promotes better environmental and social outcomes through the exercise of voting rights according to the BNP Paribas Asset Management Stewardship policy, where applicable. The financial product also complies with the BNP Paribas Group's sensitive countries framework, which includes restrictive measures on countries and/or activities considered as being particularly exposed to money laundering and terrorism financing related risks. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

More information on AB's Sustainability-Related Disclosures can be found at: www.alliancebernstein.com on the BNP Paribas Asset Management RBC Policy at: Sustainabilitydocuments - BNPP AM Corporate English (bnpparibas-am.com).

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

The following sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of the environmental and social characteristics promoted by the financial product:

- The percentage of the financial product's portfolio compliant with the BNP Paribas Asset Management Responsible Business Conduct (RBC) Policy exclusion lists. Those notably exclude companies involved in controversies due to poor practices related to human and labor rights, environment, and corruption, and/or those operating in sensitive sectors (tobacco, coal, controversial weapons, asbestos,...), as these are deemed to be in violation of international norms, or to cause unacceptable harm to society and/or the environment. More information on the RBC Policy (eg. criteria relating to sectoral exclusions) can be found at: Sustainability documents BNPP AM Corporate English (bnpparibas-am.com); 100%
- The percentage of the financial product's portfolio covered by ESG analysis based on AllianceBernstein LP's ESG internal proprietary methodology and its measurement of documented ESG research and engagement subject to satisfactory data and data sourcing.; 98.7%
- The carbon intensity (tons CO2e / \$M Sales) of the financial product's portfolio compared
 to the one of its benchmark based on AllianceBernstein LP's, the MSCI USA Growth, (based
 on scope 1 & 2 emissions): 19.6 vs 25.3 (the MSCI USA Growth)

...and compared to previous periods?

Indicator	2023*	2024*	Comment
The percentage of the portfolio compliant with the RBC policy	-	100%	In line with the financial product's commitment
The percentage of the financial product's portfolio covered by ESG analysis based on AllianceBernstein LP's ESG internal proprietary methodology and its measurement of documented ESG research and engagement subject to satisfactory data and data sourcing.;	95%	98.7%	In line with the product's commitment As at 31 December for the respective periods



The carbon intensity (tons CO2e / \$M Sales) of the financial product's portfolio compared to the one of its benchmark based on AllianceBernstein LP's, the MSCI USA Growth, (based on scope 1 & 2 emissions).	Portfolio: 13.0	Portfolio: 19.6	In line with the financial product's commitment
	Benchmark: 28.2	Benchmark: 25.3	

^{*} Figures reported in 2023 and 2024 are expressed as at the 31 December based on the AUM/

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

NA

NA

Principal adverse

decisions on

relating to

and employee

impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment

sustainability factors

environmental, social

matters, respect for

human rights, anticorruption and anti-

bribery matters.

How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

NA

How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

NA

Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

BNP PARIBAS
ASSET MANAGEMENT



How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

The Portfolio considered the following PAIs:

- Violations of UN Global Compact principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (#10)
- Exposure to controversial weapons (#14)

For PAI 10, the investment manager monitored for breaches of the UN Global Compact principles for securities held by the Portfolio

For PAI 14, the Portfolio excluded controversial weapons.

Below details the Portfolio's exposure to these PAIs as a weighted average to 31 December 2024:

- PAI 10 : 0.00% - PAI 14 : 0.00%

The EU Taxonomy sets out a 'do not significant harm' principle by which Taxonomyaligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.





What were the top investments of this financial product?

_			-
MICROSOFT CORP	Information Technology	8,92%	United States
NVIDIA CORP	Information Technology	8,69%	United States
AMAZON COM INC	Consumer Discretionary	7,54%	United States
META PLATFORMS INC CLASS A A	Communication Services	6,03%	United States
ALPHABET INC CLASS C C	Communication Services	5,25%	United States
VISA INC CLASS A A	Financials	4,16%	United States
COSTCO WHOLESALE CORP	Consumer Staples	2,97%	United States
NETFLIX INC	Communication Services	2,96%	United States
ELI LILLY	Health Care	2,73%	United States
MONSTER BEVERAGE CORP	Consumer Staples	2,51%	United States
VERTEX PHARMACEUTICALS INC	Health Care	2,32%	United States
INTUITIVE SURGICAL INC	Health Care	2,24%	United States
COPART INC	Industrials	2,20%	United States
HOME DEPOT INC	Consumer Discretionary	2,16%	United States
UNITEDHEALTH GROUP INC	Health Care	1,99%	United States

Sector

% Assets*

Country**

Source of data: BNP Paribas Asset Management, expressed as a quaterly weighted average based on the AUM.

The largest investments are based on official accounting data and are based on the transaction date.

* Any percentage differences with the financial statement portfolios result from a rounding difference.

^{**} Any difference with the portfolio statements above are coming from the use of different data's sources.



What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

What was the asset allocation?

The proportion of the investments of the financial product used to meet the environmental or social characteristics promoted, in accordance with the binding elements of the investment strategy of the financial product is **97.8%**.

The proportion of sustainable investments of the financial product is 0%.

The remaining proportion of the investments is mainly used as described under the question: "What investments were included under 'other', what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?"

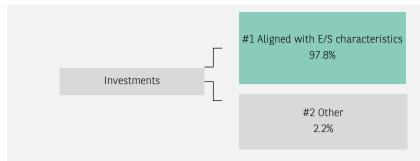
Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

The list includes the

investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period which is: From

01.01.2024 to 31/12/2024





#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#2 Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- -The sub-category **#1A Sustainable** covers environmentally and socially sustainable investments.
- -The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.
- *A portfolio security classified as sustainable investment may, taking into account all its activities, both contribute to a social objective and to an environmental objective (aligned or not with the taxonomy of the EU) and the figures shown take this into account. However, the same issuer can only be recognised once for sustainable investments (#1A Sustainable).

In which economic sectors were the investments made?

Sectors	% Asset
Information Technology	33,89%
Health Care	16,35%
Consumer Discretionary	15,11%
Communication Services	14,35%
Industrials	6,36%
Consumer Staples	5,84%
Financials	4,66%
Cash	2,28%
Materials	1,26%
Derivatives	-0,10%

Source of data: BNP Paribas Asset Management, expressed as a quaterly weighted average based on the AUM. The largest investments are based on official accounting data and are based on the transaction date.





To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The financial product did not commit itself to having a minimum proportion of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that are considered environmentally sustainable within the meaning of the EU Taxonomy, but did do so.

The two graphs below illustrate, according to the data available, the extent to which sustainable investments with an environmental objective are aligned with the EU Taxonomy and contribute to the environmental objectives of climate change mitigation and adaptation.

The management company uses data from third-party providers to measure the proportion of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. Providers collect companies' self-reported alignment KPIs and may use equivalent information where these are not readily available in public disclosures. More information on BNPP AM the methodology and the providers used can be found here: https://docfinder.bnpparibas-am.com/api/files/0EE37EC2-8612-48A5-8AA1-D5C09CCB58DD

The management company is improving its systems for collecting data in line with the EU Taxonomy to ensure the accuracy and adequacy of published sustainability information under the European Taxonomy Regulation. Further updates of the prospectus and the alignment of commitments with the EU Taxonomy may be made accordingly.

Economic activities that are not recognised by the EU taxonomy are not necessarily harmful to the environment or unsustainable. Moreover, not all activities that can make a substantial contribution to environmental and social objectives are yet integrated into the EU Taxonomy.

The compliance of those investments with the requirements laid down in article 3 of Regulation (EU) 2020/852 (Taxonomy Regulation) has not been subject to an assurance provided by an auditor or review by a third party.

The financial product did not commit itself to having a minimum proportion of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that are considered environmentally sustainable within the meaning of the EU Taxonomy, but did do. As at 31.12.2024, the proportion of investment in taxonomy-aligned activities was 10.6%.

Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities complying with the EU Taxonomy ¹?
 Yes:

 In fossil gas
 No:

 As of 31.12.2024, there is no data available on such proportion.

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

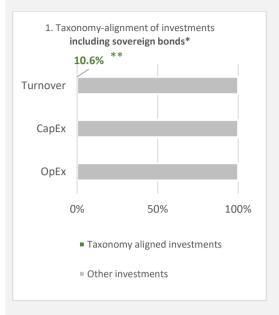
Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

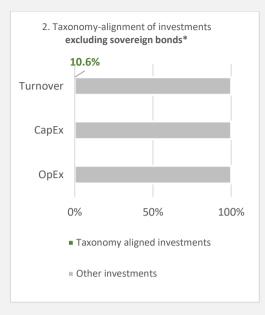
- turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies.
- capital expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for **fossil** gas include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or lowcarbon fuels by the end of 2035. For **nuclear** energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.



The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy-alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy-alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.





- * For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures
- ** Real taxonomy aligned
- What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

The share of investments in transitional and enabling activities within the meaning of the Regulations Taxonomy is 0% for transitional activities and 0% for enabling activities.

How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

	Revenue
2023*	5.5%
2024*	10.6%

^{*} Figures reported in 2023 and 2024 are expressed as at the 31 December



What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the European Taxonomy Regulation is **0%**.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon

which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852.





What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

Socially sustainable investments represent 0% of the financial product.



What investments were included under 'other', what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The remaining proportion of the investments is used for liquidity, efficient portfolio management, and/or hedging purposes. This includes:

- Securities that AB believes can be held in order to achieve its investment objective but are not deemed to promote E/S Characteristics, as outlined above, subject to satisfaction of AB's Good Governance Policy.
- Cash and cash-equivalents held as liquidity, risk management purposes, or collateral management purposes.
- Derivatives used for hedging and/or efficient portfolio management purposes. Exposure to securities that promote E/S Characteristics will be captured in #1 Aligned with E/S Characteristics.

For these assets, there are no minimum environmental or social safeguards.



What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

The financial product complies with the BNP Paribas RBC Policy by excluding companies involved in controversies due to poor practices related to human and labor rights, environment, and corruption, as well as companies operating in sensitive sectors (tobacco, coal, controversial weapons, asbestos,...), as these companies are deemed to be in violation of international norms, or to cause unacceptable harm to society and/or the environment; More information on the RBC Policy, and in particular criteria relating to sectoral exclusions, can be found on the website of the investment manager: Sustainability documents - BNPP AM Corporate English (bnpparibasam.com)

- The financial product has at least 90% of its assets covered by an ESG analysis according to AB's ESG internal proprietary methodology.
- The financial product targets a lower relative carbon intensity than its benchmark, the MSCI USA Growth, based on Direct and Indirect emissions (scope 1 and 2 emissions), based on AB's metric (tons CO2e / \$M Sales) calculated through MSCI ESG CarbonMetrics.





Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

How did this financial product perform compared to the reference benchmark?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

- How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?
 Not applicable
- How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with the environmental or social characteristics promoted?

Not applicable

How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark?

Not applicable

How did this financial product perform compared with the broad market index?
Not applicable

